

LOCHMEDE

Vol. II.

WINTER PARK, FLORIDA, FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1888.

No. 28.

A SUMMER MORNING.

In the pleasant summer morning,
Hiawatha stood and waited.
All the air was full of freshness,
All the earth was bright and joyous,
And before him, through the sunshine,
Westward toward the neighboring forest
Passed in golden swarms the Ahmo,
Passed the bees, the honey-makers,
Burning, singing in the sunshine.
Bright above him shone the heavens,
Level spread the lake before him;
From its bosom leaped the sturgeon,
Sparkling, flashing in the sunshine;
On its margin the great forest
Stood reflected in the water,
Every tree-top had its shadow,
Motionless beneath the water.

Longfellow.

POLITICAL.

It has been well said that the recognition of a truth is in itself an acknowledgment of the duty to believe it and act upon it. Truth is a force, a belief-compelling, will-urging force, and every true system of morals aims, or professes to aim, at subduing to the force of truth the faculties, the impulses, and the passions of man. The fundamental postulate of morals, therefore, is, that the highest duty is to seek for what is true in respect to those matters which we talk about and in respect to whatever influences our conduct. To speak the truth one must know the truth; to act rightly one must know the right; but such knowledge is not intuitive nor does it float in the atmosphere; it must be obtained, and to be obtained, it must be sought for. Can it be doubted that there is a true economy just as there is a true theology, a true morality?—*W. L. Trenholm, in the Forum for July.*

We have several times lately been questioned as to the political position of LOCHMEDE, and have always answered that it was not a political paper, and would have little if anything to say on such subjects. There are, however, some very important questions soon to be decided by the votes of the people, and at such times there is perhaps, a certain obligation upon those who in any way command

the public attention to let their voices be heard in support of what they believe to be right. At the same time we do not think it the place of this paper to occupy much of its space with mere partisan argument. In whatever we may have to say, therefore, we shall endeavor to impartially call attention to such points as may occur to us, and leave the matter there to be decided by each of our readers for himself.

The extract which we print above ought to be read and pondered upon by every man or woman who feels any desire to speak the truth and to exert an influence in favor of the right, and we must go very low in the scale of humanity to find one in whom such desires are wholly absent, however they may be obscured by outward habits. What we wish to urge, then, is, that every one, whatever his party predilections may be, shall make the above principle his touchstone by which to test the truth of whatever he is asked to vote for or support. No matter what line of public policy your great grandfather believed in or voted for; no matter what you have believed in and voted for yourself; every succeeding election imposes upon you the moral duty, if you would be faithful in the discharge of your trust, to do your best to find out which side of every question before you makes the nearer approach to eternal and unchangeable truth, and which side you are therefore in duty bound to support and vote for. This is seldom an easy task, and far too many of us, too careless or lazy to work out the problem, solve it in the easiest way by letting party prejudice fill the place of real conviction. Party organizations are all right and very necessary for the practical accomplishment of any political work, but when the attempt is made to introduce military discipline into them, and to brand a man as a traitor because he sees fit to transfer his vote to another party, then the party becomes a tyrant, that every man who values his self-respect must resist in its arro-

gant assumption of dictatorship over his conscience. Otherwise he becomes no better than a slave, to be driven under the party whip to whatever work may be laid out for him, however dirty and dishonorable. A man who has any conscience of his own, and any real manhood in him, should take it as an impertinence for anyone to try to convince him that it is his duty to support any party simply for the party's sake. A party is simply a voluntary association for the accomplishment of a common purpose, and the function of a party advocate is to convince his hearer that the purpose of the party is right and therefore worthy to be supported. It is for every self-respecting voter to see that such an advocate keeps his place, and to resent any impertinence in the shape of cracking the party whip over the heads of free men, or any attempt of his neighbors to coerce his vote, which as a free man and an honest man should be the expression of his own conscience.

Probably few men are entirely destitute of faith in the ultimate triumph of the right and the truth, nor quite deaf to the voice which bids them do their part, however small, to help and hasten that triumph, and probably few men have any duty in life the performance of which exerts so direct and far-reaching an influence to help or to hinder that triumph as the casting of a vote. The question, then, before the conscientious voter is, not what man or what party has a claim to his vote, but what course it is right for the government to pursue, and what man or what party best represents that course and is most likely to pursue it. It is not always that a party represents the same thing in local affairs that it does in national ones, and it is often the case, especially in local matters, that a certain man, although nominated by a party which the voter does not generally favor, will yet by reason of better personal character and fitness be likely to come nearer the voter's idea of the way the office ought to be administered than an inferior man who

happens to have obtained the nomination of a better party. It is results we are after, not men nor parties. What does the name of a party matter to the mass of voters? What they want is good government, and their votes should put in the men who are likely to give it to them. A good government, conscientiously administered by honest and capable men, is perhaps the greatest of human agencies for the advancement of the right and the truth, and as such has been the object of all the changes and reforms which have transformed the irresponsible and capricious governments of the past into forms responsible to the popular conscience. *Vox populi, vox Dei.* It is the part of every good citizen to reverently do his best to prove that saying true.

Disinfection.

The following is from "Disease Germs and How to Combat Them," by Lucius Pitkin, in the *Century* for July, accompanied by a frontispiece portrait of Pasteur.

First. Corrosive sublimate (mercuric chloride), sulphate of copper, and chloride of lime are among our best disinfectants, the first two being poisonous. At wholesale drug houses in New York single pounds can be obtained, mercuric chloride costing seventy-five cents, the others ten cents a pound.

Second. A quarter of a pound of corrosive sublimate and a pound of sulphate of copper in one gallon of water makes a concentrated solution to keep in stock. We will refer to it as "solution A."

Third. For the ordinary disinfecting solution add half a pint of "solution A" to a gallon of water. This, while costing less than a cent and a half per gallon, is a good strength for general use. Use in about equal quantity in disinfecting choleraic or typhoid fever excreta.

Fourth. A four per cent solution of good chloride of lime or a quarter pint of "solution A" to a gallon of water is used to wash woodwork, floors, and wooden furniture, after fumigation and ventilation.

Fifth. For fumigating with sulphur, three to four pounds should be used to every thousand cubic feet air space.

Burn in an old tin basin floating in a tub of water; keep room closed twelve hours, to allow the fumes to penetrate all cracks. Then open a window from the outside and allow fumes to escape into air.

Sixth. Soak sheets, etc., in chloride of lime solution, wring out, and boil.

Seventh. Cesspools, etc., should be well covered on top with a mixture of chloride of lime with ten parts of dry sand.

Eighth. Isolate the patient in an upper room from which curtains, carpets, and stuffed furniture have been removed.

Ninth. The solution of mercuric chloride must not be placed in metal vessels, since the mercury would plate them.

The above contains timely information which may prove very valuable to some of our readers. We do not anticipate any such scare as we had last summer, but scare or no scare, every householder should see to it that his premises are kept in proper sanitary condition; for it is the absence of such precautions somewhere that gives rise to scares, and sometimes to something more serious. The cost to the people of Florida of last summer's

scare about yellow fever is probably to be reckoned by millions of dollars, although the actual loss of life by the disease was comparatively insignificant, being less than that suffered by many northern cities from typhoid or scarlet fever, diphtheria, pneumonia, measles, or a dozen other diseases that break out somewhere every year. It was not the fever that hurt us, but the name of it. Under another name it would have attracted no attention beyond its immediate neighborhood. Let everybody take care that his premises at least offer no chance for starting a scare about the health of our State or our town.

THE Seminole Pharmacy

WINTER PARK.

Physicians' Prescriptions the
special part of our
business.

COMPETENCY ASSURED.

J. L. B. EAGER, M. D., Proprietor.

THE PIONEER STORE

(IN)

WINTER PARK,

A. H. PAUL, PROPRIETOR

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Winter Park and vicinity, that he has bought of Mr. J. R. Ergood his stock of

GROCERIES AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

and will aim to keep up the reputation of the store, by keeping a

LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK

of the best goods that can be bought, and at prices that defy competition, for the same quality of goods, and he hopes by gentlemanly and courteous treatment to merit his share of the public patronage. His facilities for getting

FINE ALDERNEY CREAMERY BUTTER

and keeping it in cold storage, insure to his customers a good article in the best possible condition.

HAY, OATS AND GRAIN

at bottom prices. Come and see. Respectfully,

A. H. PAUL.

LOCHMEDE.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.
In the Midst of the Lochs.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year, in advance.
Advertisements at reasonable rates.
Terms on application.

Communications by mail should be addressed to J. B. HENCK, JR., Longwood, Fla.
Office at Winter Park with Chas. J. Ladd.

Entered at the post-office at Winter Park as second class mail matter.

WINTER PARK, JULY 13, 1888.

THE highest attribute of a free man is an independent conscience. The slave knows no conscience but his master's. Are you in your political life and acts a free man or a slave? That is, do you think and act for yourself, seeking only the truth and the right, or do you carefully shut out the light except as it comes through the blue glass of party prejudice, and follow blindly where others lead?

THE opinion which people form of a place from the paper published in it is not based on the size of the sheet nor the boastful way in which it continually praises the town, but upon the general style and tone of the paper. If the paper is neat and takes a high moral position, it is a strong argument for believing that the community appreciates and is willing to pay for that sort of a paper, and is therefore a congenial place for people of refinement to seek a home.

OUR experience the past year has proved that the plan adopted at the starting of our paper was the best and the most satisfactory all around. We shall therefore discontinue the paper to all addresses for which the subscription has not been renewed at the time of our next issue. Those who do not receive the paper after this number will please consider that it is no reflection upon their credit that we do not continue it, but simply in accordance with our regular rule, which is the same for all. Come up, ladies and gentlemen, and let us book your names for another year, or if not for a whole year, for such part of it as you may like. A single subscription is not much to each of you, but the total amount

is a great deal to us, and determines how large and how good we can make the paper.

A CHEAP DISINFECTANT.

The Chicago *Inter-Ocean* prints the following rule for an extremely cheap and easily obtainable disinfectant. This with those printed on our second page would seem to cover the ground for all purposes, and leave no excuse for anybody to offer for not using such things whenever there is a suspicion of their desirability. We do not mean to imply, by occupying so much space with this subject, that there is any special need of unusual precautions at this time, excepting as the summer is everywhere the time when such need is most likely to occur. We simply put them all together for convenient reference, and it will be worth while to put this paper away where you can find it in case of need.

Take $\frac{1}{2}$ of an ounce of nitrate of lead, dissolve in one quart of boiling water, then dissolve one ounce of common salt in five gallons of water. Pour the two solutions together, and when settled pour the clear solution from the sediment, and keep well corked in a jug or demijohn for use.

A cloth wet in this solution and hung up in a room will neutralize all offensive vapors, and a little dashed into a privy, sink or sewer will disinfect or destroy all noxious gases by combining with them.

This disinfectant is said to be in general use in England for purifying sewers, and the bilge-water in the holds of vessels.

This disinfectant was taken from the New York Herald in 1879, and was from a noted London correspondent.

The writer says, as the result of the mixture is a solution of chloride of lead, I concluded to give it a trial, at the same time fearing the solution would be too attenuated to be effective. It proved, however, to be all that is claimed for it, and I have used it during the last five years with entire satisfaction.

The material from which it is made costs less than one-half cent a gallon, and the manipulation is simple.

There is nothing better, nothing more fruitful, nothing more worthy a free-born man, than agriculture.—*Cicero*.

JOTTINGS.

A niece of Dr. Geer's is visiting him at his lovely place across the lake.

We had the pleasure of meeting Mr. H. A. Varnum, of the *Gainesville Advocate*, the past week.

Reuben Thomas went to Jacksonville last week, called there by the serious illness of his youngest child.

Don't anybody neglect to register. It is important that we elect a competent man for assessor, and nobody can vote without first registering.

Six exquisite, night-blooming cereus flowers were in bloom at Mr. S. S. Capen's on the night of the 9th. They were seen and admired by quite a crowd.

Mr. Robert French left here on the 10th for Annapolis, where he goes to pass his examination for admission to the United States Naval Academy, to which position he was appointed by Hon. Chas. Dougherty.

Mrs. Mary E. Johnson, of Richmond, Indiana, where she is principal of drawing in the public schools, is greatly improving her place on Indiana avenue. She is very enthusiastic about the summer climate of Florida.

Rollins College has just issued cards and calendars that are beauties. Dr. Hooker is busy distributing them over the United States. They will do great good and will attract attention wherever they are put up.

The most exciting episode that has occurred in this community for a long time was the putting down of the O. & W. P. R. R. along the water-works property. This ended in the successful placing of the track and the arrest of Messrs. Abbott and Mizell for trespass. One by one the obstacles are being overcome, and soon we shall have the road running.

Notwithstanding the warm weather, a faithful few of the "whiteribbon women" met in White's hall on Tuesday afternoon. Were glad to have some visitors who have never met with us before, and shall hope to see them again. A temperance Bible lesson on "The Great Commission" was given, and some selections from the *Union Signal* read. Some communications from the State president and secretary were read and acted upon, when, the hour for adjournment having arrived, we parted to meet again the second Tuesday in August.

The C. L. S. C. special Sunday for July was observed by the circle here, by a service held at five o'clock in the Congregational church. Messrs. Russell and A.

Barrows read instructive and interesting selections from the Philosophy of the Plan of Salvation, and Dr. Jones gave us Whittier's First Day Thoughts. A Bible reading, participated in by all present, was led by Prof. Ford. In these exercises, interspersed with music, the hour passed quickly and profitably. The next meeting of the C. L. S. C. will be held at Dr. Jones' residence, Monday evening, July 16th. All attending are requested to contribute some thoughts on July 5th midsummer, poetry or prose, original or selected. Some information as to the Chautauquan movement will be given.

We clip the following from the *Daily Spray*, of Asbury Park, N. J.: "Mr. James Roman, a wealthy retired coffee merchant, of Trenton, is summering at Key East. Mr. Roman is an enthusiastic angler, and last season astonished his companions and himself by hooking a twenty-seven pound bass. Saturday morning, Mr. Roman was fishing with his rod and line in the ocean, at the mouth of Shark river. Something tugged furiously at his hook, and after considerable hard work, backed with considerable skill, he pulled ashore a bass that weighed forty-two pounds, the largest ever caught with a line in this section, measuring four feet in length and twenty-seven inches in circumference." Mr. Roman has had his prize photographed and will have an oil painting of it made. Mr. Roman's friends in Winter Park will hope to see this souvenir of his skill when he returns to us next winter, although they could not join the company at the Avon Inn, who helped him eat the original.

Southern dairying has been for the past few years gaining in popularity. The grade Jersey is the dairy cow for the South; there she reaches her highest excellence. The demand for good Jersey grades in the Gulf States exceeds that for any other class of cattle. Various breeder's associations for the purpose of organizing and systematizing the trade in Jersey grades have been successfully formed in Mississippi and Alabama. The pedigrees of these grades on the sire's side are carefully kept, and the records of the mothers are also considered. Southern dairy-men are planning their business well in thus securing recognition for their most profitable dairy cow. The creamery business has found many friends in Mississippi. The first one was established at the State Agricultural College, where all could observe its working.—*Florida Dispatch*

Town Ordinance.

ARTICLE XX. SPECIAL ELECTIONS.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Council of the Town of Winter Park, Florida, that should any vacancy occur in the offices of Marshal, Clerk, or Assessor of Taxes, the Town Council be and is hereby empowered to fill such vacancy or vacancies by a vote of Council, and that such officers so elected, shall hold their respective terms of office until the next general election, or until the City Council shall direct the Mayor to issue his proclamation for a special election to fill said vacancy or vacancies.

SECTION 2. Be it further ordained, that should any vacancy occur in the Town Council, it shall be the duty of the Mayor on his own motion, to issue his proclamation for an election to fill such vacancy or vacancies.

SECTION 3. Be it further ordained, that whenever any special election shall be ordered, the Mayor shall issue his proclamation at least thirty days prior to the day of election, appointing three Judges of election and one Clerk of election, which said proclamation shall be either published in a newspaper in said Town or posted in three conspicuous places at least thirty days next before the day of said election.

SECTION 4. Be it further ordained, that in all special elections, registration shall be conducted in the same manner as at general elections, and that the same rules and regulations which govern in general elections, shall govern in all special elections.

Passed June 28, 1888.

R. R. THAYER,

President of Council.

Attest:

E. L. MAXSON, Town Clerk.

Approved June 28, 1888.

ROBT. WHITE, JR., Mayor.

Mayor's Proclamation.

PROCLAMATION by the Mayor of the Town of Winter Park, announcing a Special Election, to be held in the Town of Winter Park, for an officer of said Town.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of Section 3, Article II, Ordinances of the Town of Winter Park, the Mayor of said Town is required to issue his Proclamation, announcing any regular or special election, thirty days prior to such election.

NOW, THEREFORE, KNOW YE, that I, Robert White, Jr., Mayor of the Town of Winter Park, under and by virtue of said Ordinance, do hereby announce, that there will be held, in the Town of Winter Park, on the Fifth Tuesday in July, A. D. 1888, the same being the 31st day of said month, a Special Election of an officer of the Town of Winter Park. The officer to be voted for is, one Tax Assessor, to be elected for the balance of the term ending the second Thursday of October, A. D. 1888.

I do further nominate and appoint Nathan Barrows, Eugene N. Coan, and M. Alcott, as Judges of said Election, and Charles H. Ward, to be Clerk of said Election.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, Robert White, Jr., Mayor of the Town of Winter Park, have hereunto set my hand officially, and have caused to be affixed the seal of said Town of Winter Park, this 28th day of June, A. D. 1888.

ROBT. WHITE, JR., Mayor.

Attest: E. L. MAXSON, Town Clerk.

Winter Park, June 28, 1888.

Registration Notice.

The Registration Book will be opened July 11, 1888, for the enrolling of all persons who are legally qualified to vote at any regular or special election in the State of Florida and the Town of Winter Park, Fla. The Book will be closed on July 21st, 1888, ten days prior to the special election of July 31, 1888, as directed in Article XVI, Sec. 3, of the Ordinances of the Town of Winter Park. Voters can register by calling at Eager's drug store during business hours from July 11 to July 21, 1888.

E. L. MAXSON, Town Clerk.

Winter Park, June 28, 1888.



H. M. WOODRUFF,
JEWELER.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,
WILSON'S SPECTACLES AND
FLORIDA CURIOSITIES.
REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS.
WINTER PARK, -- FLA.

WHEN IN EITHER
ORLANDO OR BARTOW
VISIT

HUDNALL'S
Mammoth Boot and Shoe
HOUSES.

DR. H. C. JONES,

— RESIDENT —

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Residence,
INTERLACHEN AVENUE,
WINTER PARK, FLORIDA.

The Time to Visit Florida.

This is the favorable season of the year for those who wish to purchase real estate for the purpose of securing a home or to invest. We are now not on the Chimborazo of booms, nor are we in the Valley of Despondency; but we present a fair average of what our semi-tropical summers are. The business of the State is in a prosperous condition; the vegetable returns have exceeded expectations; the prospects for a paying crop of oranges and lemons are good; the healthfulness of the State is all that can be desired; tourists and booms are of secondary importance; good, honest laborers, industrious farmers and fruit-growers, are the classes of men especially to be desired; the days are as hot as usual; the breezes are as delightfully cool and refreshing; the gnats and the flies, and the snakes and the alligators are now in all their glory. So this is a good time for a man whose inclination is Floridawards to come over the line and get acquainted.

He will be surprised at several things. The semi-tropical vegetation will be a wonder to him; the orange and lemon groves will be a revelation; white men, working all day in the sunshine, will astound him; the scarcity of deadly serpents and poisonous insects will be surprising; the difficulty of getting a saurian and the contempt in which it is held by the small boy are past his belief; the delightfulness of the shade is inexpressible; the ease with which he sleeps at night and the necessity of sheets and blankets are unexpected. Gnats will be his worst enemy and they do not bite. Flies and mosquitoes are no worse than in the North, East, and West. Come and view the State now. If you like it in this hot season you will be more than charmed with the fall, winter and spring.—*Lake Weir Independent.*

Mr. Contini, who had the interesting silk exhibit at the Sub-Tropical, recently sent a few pounds of silk raised by himself, to New York, where a syndicate of silk experts found it of such superior excellence that he was given a premium of two dollars a pound. It is claimed to be equal to the best silk produced in Italy or France. That says volumes for Florida.

GRIFFITHS BROTHERS.
—DINING ROOM—
OPP. SOUTH FLORIDA RAILROAD STATION.
Special Rates by Week or Month---Furnished Rooms to Let.
WINTER PARK, FLORIDA

THOMAS W. GRIFFITHS.

JAMES A. GRIFFITHS.

J. L. WILKES & CO.,
SAW AND PLANING MILL
The Only One in Winter Park or Vicinity.

Large quantities of seasoned and unseasoned lumber always on hand and for sale at lowest prices. All orders promptly and satisfactorily filled.

P. O. ADDRESS, LOCK BOX NO. 22,

WINTER PARK, FLA.

ALL INTENDING SETTLERS

Should visit Winter Park, and see the properties in our hands before making a selection. Winter Park is the loveliest and healthiest spot in Florida.

With its SEMINOLE HOTEL OF 250 ROOMS, its ROLLINS COLLEGE, the BEST SCHOOL in the STATE, and its EXCELLENT SOCIETY.

It presents social advantages which no other town in Florida can equal.

Orange Groves of all Sizes, Unimproved Lands, Etc.,

Agent for Lands of the Florida Southern Railway Company—1,000,000 acres, newly offered for sale at prices from \$1.25 to \$5 per acre.

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(LATE OF SCOTLAND.)

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IN ALL KINDS
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AND
House Furnishing
GOODS.



STOVES.
Tin, Wood
AND
WILLOW WARE.
LAMPS,
CROCKERY and
GLASSWARE.

C. A. BOONE & CO.

ORLANDO, - - - FLORIDA.

WINTER PARK, FLORIDA.

A beautiful location on the Water-shed or backbone of Florida, with nine beautiful lakes of running water; with the Hotel Seminole, accommodating 400 guests; with Rollins College and its 100 students, with an able faculty under Rev. E. P. Hooker, D. D., President. It is one of the most charming resorts in the State. Thousands have visited it to find health and recreation this winter, and none have gone away disappointed. Its educational advantages and its healthfulness, its location and its easy access by railroad makes it the most desirable and loveliest spot in Florida.

Having added a General Real Estate Department, those having property to sell, as well as those looking for investments, will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Property will be shown free of charge and maps, circulars, etc., promptly furnished on application to

THE WINTER PARK CO.

GAPER & COMPANY,

CONTRACTORS.

TREES FURNISHED AND SET OUT.

LAND CLEARED AND GROVES CULTIVATED.

Agents for SWIFT-SURE and Other Best Grades of Fertilizers.

FIRE INSURANCE IN BEST COMPANIES NEGOCIATED.

Plenty of Good SEASONED STOVE WOOD on Hand.

LOCHMEDE

A WEEKLY ADVOCATE FOR WINTER PARK.

J. B. HENCK, Jr., Publisher,

CHAS. J. LADD, Agent,

LONGWOOD, FLA.

WINTER PARK, FLA.